# TOWN OF RIVER BEND BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT MEETING November 29, 2021 7:00 p.m.

# Agenda

- 1. Call to Order- Town Manager
- 2. Administer Oath- Mayor, John Kirkland
- 3. Election of Officers- Town Manager
  - a. Chair- elected from membership
  - b. Vice Chair- elected from membership
  - c. Secretary- appointed or elected from membership
- 4. Accept minutes from May 24, 2016 meeting
- 5. Discussion of Board of Adjustment Ordinance (152.02.173)
- 6. Presentation on Legal Role of BOA- Dave Baxter, Town Attorney
- 7. Discussion of any Pending BOA issues
- 8. Public Comment
- 9. Adjournment

# 1981

#### **TOWN OF RIVER BEND**

45 Shoreline Drive River Bend, NC 28562

T 252.638.3870 F 252.638.2580 www.riverbendnc.org

# **OATH OF OFFICE**

I, , do solemnly swear that I will support and maintain the Constitution and Laws of the United States and the Constitution and Laws of North Carolina not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as a member of the Board of Adjustment of the Town of River Bend, so help me God.

Dated this 29th day of November, 2021.

		oed before me vember, 2021.
		,
John R. I	Kirkland	
Mayor		

#### River Bend Board of Adjustment Special Meeting Minutes May 24, 2016 Town Hall 7:00 p.m.

Present Board Members: Jared Kennish, Cinda Hill, Helmut Weisser, Chris Barta, Kelly Forrest

Absent Board Members: Otto Kuehrmann, Ron Phillips

Also present: Town Manager Delane Jackson, Town Attorney Jimmie Hicks, Council Liaison Luci Avery

#### **CALL TO ORDER**

Chairman Kennish called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m. on Tuesday, May 24, 2016 at the River Bend Town Hall.

The meeting began with a Board of Adjustment training session presented by Town Attorney Jimmie Hicks. Mr. Kicks presented a PowerPoint presentation which reviewed the roles, duties and powers of the Board of Adjustment.

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS**

Helmut Weisser moved to approve the minutes of the March 14, 2016. Kelly Forrest seconded the motion and the motion carried unanimously.

The Chairman called upon the Town Manager to discuss the vacancies on the Board of Adjustment (BOA). Manager Jackson, explained that long-time member Linda Cummings had recently resigned from the BOA. She had been serving as an alternate from the town. He informed the Board that there is also still a vacancy in the position of alternate from the ETJ. The County is responsible for filling that vacancy. County Commissioner Scott Dacey has been working on filling that vacancy and we should expect action on it soon.

Luci Avery announced that the Town Council had approved the transition of Jared Kennish from an alternate to a regular member. He can now officially serve as the Chairman. Avery then presented four applications that are currently on file for the town vacancy. One applicant has moved out-of-state. The remaining three are Gene Bauer, Patrick Campesi and Karen McVicker. Chairman Kennish suggested that all three applicants be forwarded to the Town Council and let them decide. After some discussion and review of the applications, the Board directed the Manager to contact the three applicants and see if they are still interested in serving and to contact Ron Phillips to see if he is interested in being re-appointed. The Manager is to see if Karen McVicker is planning to resign from the EWAB advisory board if she is appointed to the BOA. The Manager is to report his finding via email.

Cinda Hill agreed to move from alternate to a regular member if Ron is not re-appointed.

#### ADJOURNMENT/RECESS

There being no further business, Board Member Hill moved to adjourn. Board Member Barta seconded and the motion carried unanimously. The meeting adjourned at 8;00 p.m.

			lanager

#### **BOARD OF ADJUSTMENT**

#### § 15.02.173 CREATION; COMPOSITION.

A Board of Adjustment ("Board") is hereby established pursuant to G.S. §160A-388, consisting of six (6) regular members and three (3) alternates. Five (5) regular members and two (2) alternates shall be citizens of the Town, appointed by the Town Council. One (1) regular member and one (1) alternate shall be residents of the Town's extraterritorial jurisdiction, and shall be appointed by the Craven County Board of Commissioners. Alternates shall serve on the Board in the absence or temporary disqualification of any regular member or to fill a vacancy pending appointment of a member; however, vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term only. All appointments to the Board shall be for a period of three (3) years commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment, and all members of the Board, including alternates, shall have equal rights, privileges and duties with regard to all matters within the Town and area of extraterritorial jurisdiction. Members of the Board may be compensated according to a schedule adopted by the Town Council from time to time. Members of the Board may be removed for cause by the Town Council upon written charges and after public hearing.

#### §15.02.174 MEETINGS; OFFICERS

The Board shall elect one (1) of its members as Chair, one (1) of its members as a Vice-Chair, and shall appoint a Secretary and other subordinates as it deems in its best interest. The Board shall adopt any rules of procedure under which it will operate. Meetings of the Board shall be held at the call of the Chair, or in his absence the Vice-Chair, or at least two (2) members of the Board. All meetings of the Board shall be open to the public. The Board shall keep full and accurate minutes of its proceedings.

#### §15.02.175 POWERS AND DUTIES

The Board shall have the following powers and duties:

- (a) Administrative Review. To hear and decide appeals from and review any order, requirement, decision, or determination made by an administrative official charged with enforcement of this Chapter.
- **(b)** *Interpretation*. To interpret the terms of this Chapter and zoning maps and to pass upon disputed questions of lot lines or district boundary lines and similar questions as they arise in the administration of this Chapter.

- (c) Special Exception Permits. To hear and decide special and conditional use permits in accordance with standards and procedures specified in this Chapter. Reasonable and appropriate conditions may be imposed upon these permits.
- (d) Exceptions from the application requirements for Business District Areas zoned BD-PD in heavily trafficked areas. To hear and decide on requests for exceptions from the design guidelines and performance standards required under §15.02.048.
- (e) Subpoena. To subpoena witnesses and compel the production of evidence, through the chair, or in the chair's absence anyone acting as the chair, may subpoena witnesses and compel the production of evidence. To request issuance of a subpoena, persons with standing under G.S. §160A-393(d) may make a written request to the chair explaining why it is necessary for certain witnesses or evidence to be compelled. The chair shall issue requested subpoenas he or she determines to be relevant, reasonable in nature and scope, and not oppressive. The chair shall rule on any motion to quash or modify a subpoena. Decisions regarding subpoenas made by the chair may be appealed to the full Board. If a person fails or refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this subsection, the Board or the party seeking the subpoena may apply to the General Court of Justice for an order requiring that its subpoena be obeyed, and the court shall have jurisdiction to issue these orders after notice to all proper parties
- **(f)** *Oath.* The chair of the Board, or any member acting as chair, and the clerk to the Board are authorized to administer oaths to witnesses in any matter coming before the Board. Any person who, while under oath during a proceeding before the Board, willfully swears falsely is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor.
- (g) *Variance In General*. When unnecessary hardships would result from carrying out the strict letter of this Chapter, the Board may vary any of the provisions herein upon a showing of all of the following:
  - (1) Unnecessary hardship would result from the strict application of this Chapter. It shall not be necessary to demonstrate that, in the absence of the variance, no reasonable use can be made of the property.
  - (2) The hardship results from conditions that are peculiar to the property, such as location, size, or topography. Hardships resulting from personal circumstances, as well as hardships resulting from conditions that are common to the neighborhood or the general public, may not be the basis for granting a variance.
  - (3) The hardship did not result from actions taken by the applicant or the property owner. The act of purchasing property with knowledge that circumstances exist that may justify the granting of a variance shall not be regarded as a self-created hardship.
  - (4) The requested variance is consistent with the spirit, purpose, and intent of this Chapter, such that public safety is secured, and substantial justice is achieved.

Provided, however, no change in permitted uses may be authorized by variance. Appropriate conditions may be imposed on any variance, provided that the conditions are reasonably related to the variance.

(h) Variance – Federal Fair Housing Act. Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (g) above, the Board may provide for a variance under the Federal Fair Housing Act upon the following:

## 1. Application Requirements; Determination of Completeness.

- (a) Persons Authorized to File Applications. An application for a reasonable accommodation may be filed only by the owner of the land affected by the reasonable accommodation; an agent, lessee, or contract purchaser specifically authorized by the owner to file such application; or any unit of government that is not the owner of the lot but proposes to acquire the lot by purchase, gift, or condemnation.
- (b) <u>Pre-Application Conference</u>. Before filing an application for a reasonable accommodation, the applicant may request a pre-application conference with the Zoning Administrator.
- (c) Application Filing. An application for a reasonable accommodation shall be filed with the Zoning Administrator. No filing fee is required for such application. Once the application is complete, the Zoning Administrator shall schedule the application for consideration at a hearing before the Board, and shall transmit to the Board all applications and other records pertaining to such reasonable accommodation prior to the hearing on the application.

#### 2. Approval Criteria.

The Board shall grant a reasonable accommodation to any provision of this Chapter if it finds by a greater weight of the evidence that the proposed reasonable accommodation is determined to be both reasonable and necessary, in accordance with the following:

(a) "Reasonable" An accommodation will be determined to be reasonable if it would not undermine the legitimate purposes and effects of existing planning regulations, and if it will not impose significant financial and administrative burdens upon the Town and/or constitute a substantial or fundamental alteration of this Chapter's provisions; and

(b) "Necessary" An accommodation will be determined to be necessary if it would provide direct or meaningful therapeutic amelioration of the effects of the particular disability or handicap, and would afford an equal opportunity to enjoy and use housing in residential areas in the Town.

#### 3. Effect of Approval or Denial.

- (a) After the Board approves a reasonable accommodation, the applicant shall follow the normal procedures set forth in this Chapter, and any other applicable ordinance, for approval of any permits, certificates, and other approvals required in order to proceed with development or use of the property. All orders, decisions, determinations, and interpretations made by administrative officers under those procedures shall be consistent with the reasonable accommodation granted by the Board.
- (b) The Board shall refuse to hear a reasonable accommodation request that has been previously denied, unless it finds that there have been substantial changes in the conditions or circumstances relating to the matter.

#### 4. Lapse

Failure of an applicant to apply for a building permit or any other required development permit, and commence uninterrupted construction or action with regard to a variance granted hereunder within one (1) year of receiving approval of the reasonable accommodation shall automatically render the variance null and void.

(i) *Decision*. As used in this Chapter, the term "decision" includes any final and binding order, requirement, or determination. The Board shall follow quasi-judicial procedures when deciding appeals and requests for variances and special and conditional use permits. The Board shall hear and decide all matters upon which it is required to pass under any statute or this Ordinance.

#### **§15.02.176 NOTICE OF HEARING**

Notice of hearings conducted pursuant to this Chapter shall be mailed to the person or entity whose appeal, application, or request is the subject of the hearing; to the owner of the property that is the subject of the hearing if the owner did not initiate the hearing; to the owners of all parcels of land abutting the parcel of land that is the subject of the hearing; and to any other persons entitled to receive notice as provided by the zoning or unified development ordinance. In the absence of evidence to the contrary, the Town may rely on the county tax

listing to determine owners of property entitled to mailed notice. The notice must be deposited in the mail at least 10 days, but not more than 25 days, prior to the date of the hearing. Within that same time period, the Town shall also prominently post a notice of the hearing on the site that is the subject of the hearing or on an adjacent street or highway right-of-way.

#### §15.02.177 VOTING

- (a) The concurring vote of four-fifths of the board shall be necessary to grant a variance. A majority of the members shall be required to decide any other quasi-judicial matter or to determine an appeal made in the nature of certiorari. For all other matters, a majority of the members shall be required. For the purposes of this Section, vacant positions on the board and members who are disqualified from voting on a quasi-judicial matter shall not be considered members of the board for calculation of the requisite majority if there are no qualified alternates available to take the place of such members. Abstentions by a member not otherwise excused from voting shall be counted as a vote in favor of any motion or action.
- (b) A member of the Board shall not participate in or vote on any quasi-judicial matter in a manner that would violate affected persons' constitutional rights to an impartial decision maker. Impermissible violations of due process include, but are not limited to, a member having a fixed opinion prior to hearing the matter that is not susceptible to change, undisclosed ex parte communications, a close familial, business, or other associational relationship with an affected person, or a financial interest in the outcome of the matter. If an objection is raised to a member's participation and that member does not recuse himself or herself, the remaining members shall by majority vote rule on the objection.
- (c) The Board may reverse or affirm, wholly or in part, or may modify the order, requirement, decision, or determination appealed from, and shall make any order, requirement, decision, or determination that in its opinion ought to be made.

# §15.02.178 QUASI-JUDICIAL DECISIONS AND JUDICIAL REVIEW

(a) The Board shall determine contested facts and make its decision within a reasonable time. Every quasi-judicial decision shall be based upon competent, material, and substantial evidence in the record. Each quasi-judicial decision shall be reduced to writing and reflect the board's determination of contested facts and their application to the applicable standards. The written decision shall be signed by the chair or other duly authorized member of the board. A quasi-judicial decision is effective upon filing the written decision with the clerk to the board or such other office or official as the ordinance specifies. The decision of the board shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or by first-class mail to the applicant, property owner, and to any person who has submitted a written request for a copy, prior to the date the decision becomes effective. The person required to provide notice shall certify that proper notice has been made.

(b) Every quasi-judicial decision shall be subject to review by the Craven County Superior Court by proceedings in the nature of certiorari pursuant to G.S. §160A-393. A petition for review shall be filed with the Clerk of Craven County Superior Court by the later of 30 days after the decision is effective or after a written copy thereof is given in accordance with §15.02.178(a). When first-class mail is used to deliver notice, three days shall be added to the time to file the petition.

## §15.02.179 APPEALS

The Board shall hear and decide appeals from decisions of administrative officials charged with enforcement of this Ordinance, pursuant to all of the following:

- (a) Any person who has standing under G.S. §160A-393(d) or the city may appeal a decision to the Board. An appeal is taken by filing a notice of appeal with the Town Clerk and payment of any applicable fees; provided however, where interpretation of the terms of this Chapter is required specifically by this Chapter to be determined by the Board, the required fee will be waived. The notice of appeal shall state the grounds for the appeal.
- (b) The official who made the decision shall give written notice to the owner of the property that is the subject of the decision and to the party who sought the decision, if different from the owner. The written notice shall be delivered by personal delivery, electronic mail, or by first-class mail.
- (c) The owner or other party shall have 30 days from receipt of the written notice within which to file an appeal. Any other person with standing to appeal shall have 30 days from receipt from any source of actual or constructive notice of the decision within which to file an appeal.
- (d) It shall be conclusively presumed that all persons with standing to appeal have constructive notice of the decision from the date a sign containing the words "Zoning Decision" in letters at least six inches high and identifying the means to contact an official for information about the decision is prominently posted on the property that is the subject of the decision, provided the sign remains on the property for at least 10 days. Posting of signs is not the only form of constructive notice. Any such posting shall be the responsibility of the landowner or applicant. Verification of the posting shall be provided to the official who made the decision. Absent an ordinance provision to the contrary, posting of signs shall not be required.
- (e) The official who made the decision shall transmit to the Board all documents and exhibits constituting the record upon which the action appealed from is taken. The official shall also provide a copy of the record to the appellant and to the owner of the property that is the subject of the appeal if the appellant is not the owner.

- of the action appealed from unless the official who made the decision certifies to the Board after notice of appeal has been filed that because of the facts stated in an affidavit, a stay would cause imminent peril to life or property or because the violation is transitory in nature, a stay would seriously interfere with enforcement of this Ordinance. In that case, enforcement proceedings shall not be stayed except by a restraining order, which may be granted by a court. If enforcement proceedings are not stayed, the appellant may file with the official a request for an expedited hearing of the appeal, and the board of adjustment shall meet to hear the appeal within 15 days after such a request is filed. Notwithstanding the foregoing, appeals of decisions granting a permit or otherwise affirming that a proposed use of property is consistent with the ordinance shall not stay the further review of an application for permits or permissions to use such property; in these situations the appellant may request and the board may grant a stay of a final decision of permit applications or building permits affected by the issue being appealed.
- (g) Subject to the provisions of subdivision (f) of this section, the Board shall hear and decide the appeal within a reasonable time.
- (h) The official who made the decision shall be present at the hearing as a witness. The appellant shall not be limited at the hearing to matters stated in the notice of appeal. If any party or the Town would be unduly prejudiced by the presentation of matters not presented in the notice of appeal, the Board shall continue the hearing. The Board may reverse or affirm, wholly or partly, or may modify the decision appealed from and shall make any order, requirement, decision, or determination that ought to be made. The board shall have all the powers of the official who made the decision.
- (i) When hearing an appeal in the nature of certiorari, the hearing shall be based on the record below and the scope of review shall be as provided in G.S. §160A-393(k).
- (j) The parties to an appeal that has been made under this Chapter may agree to mediation or other forms of alternative dispute resolution.

Amended 20 August 2015