River Bend Town Council Regular Meeting Minutes May 20, 2021 Town Hall 7:00 p.m.

Present Council Members:

Mayor John Kirkland

Don Fogle Brian Leonard Buddy Sheffield Barbara Maurer

Absent Council Members:

Bud Van Slyke

Town Manager:

Delane Jackson Kristie Nobles

Town Clerk: Town Attorney:

Dave Baxter

CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Kirkland called the meeting to order at 7:00 p.m. on Thursday, May 20, 2021 at the River Bend Town Hall with a quorum present.

RECOGNITION OF NEW RESIDENTS

Mayor Kirkland stated that Ms. Grace Marie Skahan is in attendance tonight and the Town would like to recognize her for recently celebrating her 100th birthday. Councilman Sheffield stated that Ms. Skahan is a veteran of World War II where she served as a Navy Nurse. He shared a few personal stories, as Ms. Skahan is his mother-in-law. The Mayor and Councilman Sheffield presented Ms. Skahan with a Certificate of Recognition.

ADDITIONS / DELETIONS TO AGENDA

Councilman Leonard made a motion to remove item 9B – Budget Amendment 20-B-07. The motion carried unanimously.

CONSENT AGENDA

The Mayor presented the Council with the Consent Agenda. Councilman Sheffield <u>moved to approve the Consent Agenda as presented</u>. The motion carried unanimously. Within this motion, the following items were approved:

A. Approve

Minutes of the April 8, 2021 Work Session Minutes of the April 15, 2021 Regular Meeting Minutes of the April 27, 2021 Budget Workshop Minutes of the May 4, 2021 Budget Workshop Minutes of the May 11, 2021 Budget Workshop Minutes of the May 13, 2021 Budget Workshop

TOWN MANAGER'S REPORT

The Manager stated that the draft budget message was included in the agenda packets. He stated that over a 4-week period the Council has met and discussed this budget for approximately 8 hours. He stated this document would be available for the public to view on or before May 27 at Town Hall and on the Town's website. The Manager stated that there is no tax rate or utility rate

increase in the proposed Budget. He commended the Town staff for an excellent job during budget preparation.

The Manager stated that the Independence Day celebration is scheduled for July 2 at the River Bend Country Club. He also stated that this month is Military Appreciation Month and the Police Department has set up a patrol car for any items to be donated. These items will be collected until 3:00 on Friday May 28 and then delivered to Navy Federal Credit Union.

Councilman Leonard asked the Town Attorney about the legislative bill regarding the municipal voting in River Bend. The Attorney stated that there has not been anything new on that bill since March 15th, although he expected something to be announced the following week.

ADMINISTRATIVE REPORTS

PUBLIC WORKS - Mayor Kirkland

The Mayor stated that there was no report this month. He also stated that PWAB is in need of members, and anyone interested should contact the Town Clerk for an application.

FINANCE - Councilman Leonard for Councilman Van Slyke

<u>Financial Report</u> – The Manager told the Council that the total of the General Fund Cash Balances as of April 30, 2021 are \$3,860,649 and Ad valorem tax collections for FY20-21 were \$704,595 and Vehicle Ad valorem tax collections were \$74,688.

Vote – Public Hearing FY21-22 Budget Proposal

Councilman Leonard motioned to schedule the Public Hearing on the Proposed Fiscal Year 2021-2022 Budget for Thursday June 10, 2021 beginning at 5:00 p.m. The motion carried unanimously.

Discuss - Financial and Budgetary Policies

Councilman Leonard stated that the revised Financial and Budgetary Policy was included in the agenda package and was discussed at last week's Council Work Session.

Vote - Adopt Financial and Budgetary Policies

Councilman Leonard motioned to adopt the Financial and Budgetary Policy as presented. The motion carried unanimously. (see attached)

Planning Board - Councilman Sheffield

Councilman Sheffield stated that the regular meeting of the Planning Board was held on May 6th at 6:00 pm at Municipal Building. A quorum was present. There were no visitors. Chairman Lippert called the meeting to order. The usual reports were given. There was only one item on the agenda. Assistant Zoning Administrator McCollum had prepared a lengthy draft of changes to River Bend's zoning ordinances suggested and or mandated by the State legislature. Board members had several days to study the draft and each one gave their corrections and suggestions. Very few changes were suggested. The board approved a resolution stating that River Bend's zoning ordinances comply with state requirements. A public hearing and approval by the Town Council will be required before the changes are officially adopted.

Vote - Public Hearing Proposed Chapter 15 Zoning Ordinance Amendments

Councilman Leonard motioned to schedule the Public Hearing on the Proposed Chapter 15 Zoning Ordinance Amendments for Thursday June 10, 2021 beginning at 5:00 p.m. The motion carried unanimously.

PARKS & RECREATION – Councilwoman Maurer

Parks and Recreation Advisory Board met on Wed, May 5. Town Manager Delane Jackson attended the meeting. River Bend will celebrate the Fourth of July this year if it is safe to do so. This event will be very different from previous years. It will take place in the evening and will feature a band and fireworks. It will take place at the country club. Food and beverages will be sold in the restaurant. It is unclear at this time whether other refreshments and entertainment will be provided.

CAC

The CAC met on Wednesday, April 28 at 1:30 pm. The members discussed how to spend the balance of this year's budget. Members would like to return the Christmas "tree" to Town Commons and place a larger "tree" at the front entrance. Other decorations were also discussed, with the knowledge that better quality products are significantly more expensive. Members discussed placement of the veteran's memorial and its barren appearance. Lynn will not remain on the board when her term expires in June. She suggested the decision about meeting dates and times be postponed until there is a new chairperson.

Organic Garden

Everything is growing. The garden has added four volunteers this spring. The Green Team asked if they could continue working in the garden biweekly throughout the summer. It is not for credit.

Red Caboose Library

The library's book inventory is on their page of the town's website. Hours of operation are also posted there. The next library board meeting is scheduled for June 10th.

Public Safety - Councilman Fogle

Councilman Fogle stated that CERT plans to meet on June 23 at 7:00 p.m.

Councilman Fogle stated that the revised Executive Order 215 was included in the agenda package. He asked the Town Attorney if section 1.3 fully lifts face coverings and social distancing for local government. The Attorney replied yes. Councilman Leonard stated that he felt Town Hall and the Municipal Building should fully re-open to pre-Covid status. Councilman Fogle asked if yoga is included in this executive order and the Manager stated yes.

VOTE- Reopen Town Facilities

Councilman Leonard motioned to fully re-open Town Hall and the Municipal Building, lifting all restrictions. The motion carried unanimously.

MAYOR'S REPORT - Mayor Kirkland

The COVID-19 virus has changed what will be the "norm" from 2021 forward. It seems that human nature is dedicated to resisting change but some wise person once stated "the only thing constant is change." The change that we are confronting has been some time in development and has a number of contributing factors. A number of those contributing factors follow:

- A. Reliable Communication; Today communication from the remote corners of the world is instantaneous and reliable. A hundred years ago, the Titanic was lost and nearby ships could not be alerted to rescue survivors.
- B. Travel in the Victorian era could easily have taken 80 days to go around the world. Today, with a little planning, a trip around the world can take less than 80 hours. With this rapid interface of world, travel comes the transport of the COVID-19 virus and its future successors around the world.

As we consider how the world can adapt to the new norm, we need to recognize that adjustments need to be made to conduct operations at every level of society. The following events demonstrate how vulnerable we are as we ignore change and cling to a past norm:

- The world is a single marketplace and depends on manufacturing of products produced half a world away. The recent grounding of the giant container-shipping vessel Evergiven in the Suez Cannel demonstrated that change to the week-long event denied markets the cargo on that vessel and all of the other vessels while the Evergiven blocked transit through the canal.
- 2. Continuing with ships, we should consider how the pandemic, communications and the U S Navy come together to illustrate the need for new planning considerations. In the age of sail, naval vessels of every nation were sent on voyages of discovery and they might be at sea for more than a year with no new or updated communication from superior command. In our time, the Commanding Officer aboard the attack carrier Theodore Roosevelt had a pandemic problem and proposed a need to bring the infected crew members to port for treatment. He relied on the instant communication with the "chain" and sent a message. He sent the recommendation for the change to senior command and received no quick turnaround. He then released the communications to channel outside the official "chain." This resulted in his relief from command. This illustration is not intended to be critical of the U S Navy. Certainly, the same need to upgrade policy exists in the State Department and I am confident that every major industry in the country suffers from the need for upgrade.
- 3. The new norm will require solutions that demand international cooperation. Every aspect of society will either face this need and work through the implementing detail or struggle with trying to continue to operate with their Pre-Pandemic procedures.

The exercise of management has always demanded integrity and hard work. Those demands are more in vogue today than ever before. These are exciting times and the rewards of engineering the new norm will result in a more equitable standard of living for every person in every city and town of our country, and also in every corner of the world.

PUBLIC COMMENT

Ms. Janet Nawojski addressed the Council and stated that she would like to speak on volunteerism and then stated that constant criticism can kill the spirit of any volunteer.

ADJOURNMENT/RECESS

OWN

INCORPORATED

There being no further business, Councilman Sheffield moved to adjourn. The meeting adjourned at 7:50 p.m.

Kristie J. Nobles

Town Clerk

Town of River Bend, NC Financial and Budgetary Policies



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Financial and Budgetary Policies

I. Introduction

yellow= add green-delete

The Town of River Bend maintains comprehensive financial policies covering a broad range of the elements of the Town's financial plans and financial systems that underlay the management of overall financial resources. These policies have major objectives to be achieved that include:

- 1. To link long-term financial planning with short-term daily operations and decision-making.
- 2. To maintain and improve the Town's financial position.
- 3. To maintain and improve the Town's credit ratings by meeting or exceeding the requirements of rating agencies through sound financial policies.
- 4. To maintain and increase investor confidence in the Town and to provide credibility to the citizens of the Town regarding financial operations.
- 5. To comply with the North Carolina Budget and Fiscal Control Act and the policies of the North Carolina Local Government Commission (the "LGC").
- 6. To effectively conduct asset-liability management of the Town's balance sheet.

II. Operating Budget

- 1. The Town's Annual Budget Ordinance will be balanced in accordance with the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act (G.S. 159-8(a)).
- 2. The Town's Annual Budget Ordinance will be adopted, by fund and department, by each July 1 (G.S. 159-13(a)).
- 3. In order to force a higher level of planning throughout all levels of Town government, the annual budget process will focus on future needs through a Capital Improvements Plan, as discussed later in this document.
- 4. The annual budget process will consist of a series of public meetings where Council and staff discuss needs in relation to the Town's mission statement, and Council's adopted priorities.

III. Revenue Policy

- 1. Ad Valorem Tax As provided by the North Carolina Budget and Fiscal Control Act, estimated revenue from the Ad Valorem Tax levy will be budgeted as follows:
 - a. Assessed valuation will be provided by the Craven County Tax Assessor.

- b. The estimated percentage of collection will not exceed the actual collection percentage of the preceding fiscal year, in accordance with State law.
- c. The property tax rate will be set each year based upon the costs of providing general governmental services, meeting debt service obligations and building or maintaining any reserves or fund balances the Council deems necessary.
- 2. State revenues fluctuate according to the general economic condition of the state and the county. Accordingly, the Town will budget these revenues in a conservative manner using guidance from the North Carolina League of Municipalities to determine predicted rates of growth in these revenues.
- 3. User Fees The Town Council (the "Council") will set user fees annually by listing such fees within a fee schedule adopted with the Annual Budget Ordinance. In the case of the water and sewer enterprises, the Council will continue to use a professionally designed rate model in order to determine the most appropriate rates based upon current and future expenses. User fees will maximize charges for services that can be individually identified and where costs are directly related to the provision of or to the level of service provided.
 - a. Emphasis of user fees results in the following benefits:
 - 1. The burden on the Ad Valorem tax is reduced.
 - 2. User fees are paid by all users, including those exempt from property taxes.
 - 3. User fees help minimize subsidization in any instance where there are requirements in order to qualify for the use of the service and the service is not provided to the general public.
 - 4. User fees produce information on the demand level for services and help to make a connection between the amount paid and the services received.
- 4. Interest Income Interest income is subject to variability based upon changes in prevailing interest rates, which cannot be predicted with certainty. Such revenue shall therefore be budgeted in a conservative manner within the Annual Budget Ordinance and shall comply with the Asset Liability Management section of this policy.
- 5. Grant Funding Staff will pursue opportunities for grant funding. Application for grant funding will be made after a grant has been evaluated for consistency with the Council's goals and compatibility with Town programs and objectives. Staff must have Council approval to apply for a grant for any amount over \$50,000 and for any grant that requires a local dollar match. All awarded grants can only be accepted by Council action at which time the related budget shall be established.
 - a. Grants that have been awarded in prior years and are recurring in nature will be included and addressed through the annual budget process.
 - b. Grants that fund operating expenditures but have a funding termination date must fully disclose that fact to the Council prior to acceptance.

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- c. The grant manager for each grant shall be the Town Manager. The grant manager is responsible for all grant monitoring, compliance and reporting. The grant manager will provide copies of all documents to the Finance Administrator. The Finance Administrator will maintain a grant file by fiscal year for each active grant.
- d. For grants involving federal funds, the grant manager is responsible for checking the list of federally debarred contractors prior to awarding any contracts.
- 6. Appropriation of Fund Balance Assigned fund balance originally appropriated with adoption of the General Fund annual operating budget shall not exceed 3% of the prior fiscal year's budgeted expenditures, unless done per Section 2b of the Reserve/Fund Balance section of this policy. Any further commitment of fund balance in the General Fund during the fiscal year shall require four "yes" votes from the five members of Council.
- 7. Budgetary Responsibilities The Town Manager shall develop initial budget estimates of applicable revenues. Those estimates are to be supported by variables (base, rate, etc.) that comprise such revenue. Monitoring of the revenue budget shall be performed by the Finance Administrator in a timely manner throughout the fiscal year and shall include an analysis of actual versus budgeted variances. Compliance of revenue with all laws and/or regulations is primarily the responsibility of the revenue-initiating department.

Revenue Spending Policy

- 1. The Town will follow a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Department, as directed by the Finance Officer, will use resources in the following hierarchy as appropriate: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds.
- 2. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

IV. Expenditure Policy

- 1. Expenditure budgets shall be monitored throughout the fiscal year by department heads, the Finance Administrator and the Town Manager. Budget compliance, which includes electronic obligations, is the responsibility of the department head and the Town Manager.
- 2. Budgeted funds will only be spent for categorical purposes for which they are intended. Budget amendments may be made to reflect unexpected expenses and must be approved by vote of the Council. Appropriations of debt proceeds will be made only for the purpose for which such debt instrument was issued or for the payment of debt principal and interest.
- 3. Budgeted expenditures for debt service for any variable rate debt or synthetic variable rate debt will be set to at least the average of the prior five years.

- 4. For continuing contracts, funds will be appropriated in the annual budget ordinance to meet current year obligations arising under the contract, in accordance with G.S. 160A-17.
- 5. Payroll will be processed in accordance with the requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act. Overtime and benefit payments will be made in accordance with the Town's Personnel Policy.
- 6. The Town may utilize non-capital operating leases or installment purchase loans for the procurement of copiers, multifunction copiers/printer type machines and for personal computers.
- 7. The Town will fund current expenditures with current resources and will strive to avoid balancing budgets utilizing one-time revenues.
- 8. The Town will employ the use of the carryover method for reappropriation of outstanding purchase orders and contracts as of the end of each fiscal year into the new fiscal year. The process shall be explained in each year's budget process.

V. Reserve/Fund Balance Policy

- 1. In accordance with State statute, appropriated fund balance in any fund will not exceed the sum of cash and investments less the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget year.
- 2. The Town will strive to maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance that significantly exceeds the minimum eight percent (8%) as recommended by the LGC. Unassigned fund balance is defined as the portion of fund balance that remains available for appropriation by the Town Council after all commitments for future expenditures, required reserves defined by State statutes, and Council-established assignments have been calculated. The percentage is to be determined by dividing the unassigned fund balance amount by actual expenditures of the then completed fiscal year. The goal is to maintain a fund balance of no less than 50%, with the total amount of unassigned fund balance at \$2,000,000.
 - a. Purpose of Reserve: These funds will be utilized to avoid cash flow interruptions, generate interest income, eliminate the need for short-term borrowing, and maintain the Town's credit ratings.
 - b. Reserve Drawdown: The available fund balance may be purposefully drawn down below the target percentage for emergencies, economic influences, nonrecurring expenditures, or major capital projects.
 - c. Reserve Replenishment: If the available fund balance percentage falls below the target percentage for two consecutive fiscal years, the Town will replenish funds by direct appropriation in the next budget developed for the fiscal year after the occurrence is known. In that instance, the Town will annually appropriate 25% of the difference between the target percentage level and the actual balance until the

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target level is met. In the event appropriating 25% is not feasible, the Town will appropriate a lesser amount and shall reaffirm by Council resolution its commitment to fully replenish the fund balance over a longer period of time.

- d. Any General Fund unassigned fund balance that exceeds the target goal range may be used to reduce general fund debt.
- 3. The Town will appropriate within the annual budget a Contingency appropriation each fiscal year. The minimum level of contingency is 1% of budgeted general fund expenditures and the maximum is an amount equal to the revenue generated by a \$.01 ad valorem tax rate. plus the approved provision for personnel merit bonuses.
- 4. The Town's goal will be to maintain a minimum cash balance in both the water and sewer operating funds (separately) of 50% of actual expenditures of the then most recently completed fiscal year. These funds will be utilized to avoid cash flow interruptions, generate interest income, fund capital expenditures, eliminate the need for short-term borrowing and maintain the Town's credit ratings.

VI. Asset-Liability Management

- 1. The Town will seek to incorporate coordinated investment and debt structuring decisions with the goal of such coordination being to use each side of the balance sheet to mitigate, or hedge, cash flow risks posed by the other side of the balance sheet.
- 2. The Town considers short-term investments to be effective hedges to variable rate debt because movements in interest rates should have offsetting impacts upon both.
 - a. Given the prevalent patterns of business, economic and interest rate cycles, the Town may strive to match temporary increases in interest income to temporary increases in interest expense through the use of variable rate debt or synthetic variable rate debt.
 - b. This recognizes that variable rate debt generally offers lower interest costs and that the use of higher interest income to offset higher interest expense is preferable to creating a budget imbalance due to reliance upon temporarily increased interest income.
- 3. The Finance Officer is designated to monitor and report on financial market conditions and their impact on performance of debt, investments, and any interest rate hedging products implemented or under consideration.
- 4. The Finance Officer is designated as the individual responsible for negotiating financial products and coordinating investment decisions for debt structure. The Finance Officer is designated as the individual responsible for recommending debt structure to the Council.
- 5. The Town may incorporate the use of variable rate debt or synthetic variable rate debt, as allowed by the Debt Management Section of the LGC, into its debt structure. Unhedged

variable or synthetic variable rate debt shall not exceed 20% of the Town's total, non-Utility debt outstanding.

VII. Capital Improvements Policy

1. Capital Improvements Plan

- a. The Town will update and readopt annually a five-year capital improvements plan (CIP) which projects capital needs and details the estimated costs, description and anticipated funding sources for capital projects. A separate CIP will be developed for the General Fund, Water Fund, and Sewer Fund.
- b. The annual update of the CIP will be conducted in conjunction with the annual operating budget process.
- c. The first year of the five-year CIP will be the basis of formal fiscal year appropriations during the annual budget process.
- d. A programming or cost estimation study is eligible for inclusion in the CIP for a project for which a future request is being considered. Such a study is encouraged in order to generate reliable cost estimates for the CIP.
- e. The Town expects to see new capital items generally first appear in the last year of the CIP.
- f. The Town acknowledges pay-as-you-go financing as a significant capital financing source, but will ultimately determine the most appropriate financing structure for each capital project both on an individual basis after examining all relevant factors of the project and in conjunction with the funding of the entire CIP.

2. Capital Formation

- a. General Fund revenue is the source for the General Fund CIP. The water CIF fee and hydrant fee are is a sources of revenue for the water Capital Reserve Fund. The sewer CIF fee is a revenue source for the sewer Capital Reserve Fund. The water and sewer enterprise fund annual budget will also provide CIP revenue in these areas as the use of CIF/Hydrant fee revenue is limited, per Council resolution, to debt reduction or system expansion activities.
- b. The General Fund Capital Reserve Fund is the funding source for pay-as-you-go financing and for debt service payments for debt financed projects in the General Fund CIP.
- c. Given the historical volatility of the state and other revenues, the five year projections of revenue used to complete the CIP shall be very conservative.

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3. Fixed Assets

a. The capitalization threshold for fixed assets shall be \$5,000. The threshold will be applied to individual fixed assets and not to groups of fixed assets. Fixed assets will only be capitalized if they have a useful life of at least three years following the date of acquisition. A physical inventory of capitalized fixed assets will be performed, either simultaneously or on a rotating basis, so that all fixed assets are physically accounted for at least once every four years.

VIII. Debt Policy

- 1. Debt will only be incurred for financing capital assets that, because of their long-term nature or because of budgetary restraints, cannot be acquired from current or budgeted resources. **Debt will not be used for operational needs**. Debt financing can include general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, certificates of participation, lease/purchase agreements, special obligation bonds, or any other financing instrument allowed under North Carolina law.
- 2. The Town will seek to structure debt and to determine the best type of financing for each financing need based on the flexibility needed to meet project needs, the timing of the project, taxpayer or rate payer equity, and the structure that will provide the lowest interest cost in the circumstances.
- 3. Debt financing will be considered in conjunction with the approval by the Council of the Town's CIP.
- 4. Capital projects financed through the issuance of bonds, installment financings or lease financings will be financed for a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project.
 - a. General fund debt will normally have a term of 20 years or less. When practical, the term of non-Utility debt will not exceed 30 years.
 - b. Enterprise fund (water and sewer) debt will normally have a term of 30 years or less. When practical, the term of Utility debt will not exceed 40 years.
- 5. The Town will strive to maintain a high level of pay-as-you-go financing for its capital improvements.
- 6. Debt Affordability
 - a. The net debt of the Town, as defined in G.S. 159-55, is statutorily limited to 8% of the assessed valuation of the taxable property within the Town. The Town will strive to maintain a net debt level of no greater than 4%.
 - b. Total General Fund debt service will not exceed any limits imposed by the LGC. As a guide, formulas established by the LGC and rating agencies will be monitored and appropriately applied by the Town. Debt service as a percentage of the operating budget will be targeted at less than 15%.
 - c. The Town will strive to achieve amortization of 60% or more of its non-Utility debt principal within ten years.

- 7. The Town will seek to structure debt in the best and most appropriate manner to be consistent with the Asset Liability Management section of this policy.
- 8. If the Town issues Revenue Bonds, and whereas the minimum coverage ratio expected for Town revenue bonds is 1.20 times, upon the calculation of a coverage ratio for any Utilities System Revenue Bonds which is below 1.5 times (Net Revenues as defined by the General Indenture, but excluding cash receipts from special assessments, over Debt Service as defined by the General Indenture), the Finance Officer will notify the Council of such. Within three months of such notification, the Finance Officer will again report to the Council and will have performed the necessary internal study to advise the Council on the actions necessary to restore the coverage ratio to above 1.5 times. This policy is intended to ensure that all reasonable steps necessary are taken to begin the process of reviewing water revenues and rates well before the coverage ratio for outstanding revenue bonds could reach the minimum level of 1.20 times.
- 9. The Town will seek to employ the best and most appropriate strategy to respond to a declining interest rate environment. That strategy may include, but does not have to be limited to, delaying the planned issuance of fixed rate debt, examining the potential for refunding of outstanding fixed rate debt, and the issuance of variable rate debt. The Town will seek to employ the best and most appropriate strategy to respond to an increasing interest rate environment. That strategy may include, but does not have to be limited to, the issuance of variable rate debt (a historically lower interest cost), and the use of forward delivery fixed rate debt.
- 10. The Town will monitor the municipal bond market for opportunities to obtain interest rate savings by refunding by forward delivery, currently refunding or advance refunding outstanding debt. The estimation of net present value savings for a traditional fixed rate refunding should be, at a minimum, 3% of the refunded maturities before a refunding process begins. The estimation of net present value savings for a synthetic fixed rate refunding should be, at a minimum, in the range of 5% to 6% of the refunded maturities before a refunding process begins.
- 11. The Town will strive for the highest possible bond ratings in order to minimize the Town's interest costs.
- 12. The Town will normally obtain two debt ratings (Fitch Ratings, Moody's, or Standard & Poor's) for all publicly sold debt issues.
- 13. While some form of outstanding debt exists, the Town will strive to have a portion of that debt in the form of general obligation debt, when fiscally advantageous.
- 14. For all years that the Town has any publicly sold debt outstanding, the Town will provide annual information updates to each of the debt rating agencies if desired by those agencies.
- 15. The Town will use the Comprehensive Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) as the disclosure document for meeting its obligation under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to provide

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certain annual financial information to the secondary debt market via various information repositories.

16. The Town recognizes the significance of the debt portfolio and the need for the ability to properly manage and maintain that portfolio. The Finance Administrator will maintain a current database of all debt.

IX. Accounting, Auditing and Financial Reporting

- 1. The Town will maintain accounting systems in compliance with the North Carolina Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. The Town will maintain accounting systems that enable the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principals (GAAP).
 - a. The basis of accounting within governmental funds will be modified accrual.
 - b. The basis for accounting within all Enterprise and Internal Service Funds will be modified accrual.
- 2. Financial systems will be maintained to enable the continuous monitoring of revenues and expenditures or expenses with complete sets of monthly reports provided to the Council, and the Town Manager. Monthly expenditure/expense reports will be provided to each department head for their functional area and online, real time, view only, access to the financial system will be made available to department heads and other staff as much as practical and its use encouraged.
- 3. The Town will place emphasis on maintenance of an accounting system which provides strong internal budgetary and financial controls designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding both the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and reports, as well as the accountability of assets.
- 4. An annual audit will be performed by an independent certified accounting firm which will issue an opinion on the annual financial statements as required by the Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act.
- 5. The Town will solicit proposals from qualified independent certified public accounting firms for audit services. The principal factor in the audit procurement process will be the auditor's ability to perform a quality audit. The Town may enter into a multiyear agreement with the selected firm for a period of up to three fiscal years. Firms are not barred from consecutive contract awards. The Council, upon recommendation from the Finance Officer and Audit Committee, shall approve the contractual relationship with the auditor
- 6. The Town will maintain a standing audit committee. The committee will oversee the independent audit of the Town's financial statements, from the recommendation of the auditor to the resolution of any audit findings.

Town of River Bend Financial and Budgetary Policies

- 7. The Finance Officer will conduct some form of internal audit procedures at least one time per year, specifically focusing upon cash receipts procedures.
- 8. The Town will prepare an ACFR in compliance with established criteria to obtain the Government Finance Officers Association's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and will be submitted to that award program each year.
- 9. Full and complete disclosure will be provided in all regulatory reports, financial statements and debt offering statements.
- 10. The Town shall use the ACFR as the disclosure document for meeting its obligation to provide certain annual financial information to the secondary debt market via various information repositories. The annual disclosure is a condition of certain debt covenants and contracts that are required by SEC Rule 15c2-12.
- 11. The Finance Administrator will develop and maintain a Financial Procedures Manual as a central reference point and handbook for all financial, accounting and recording procedures.
- 12. The Town Manager will establish, document and maintain a Computer Disaster Recovery Plan and will provide for the daily backup of data and the offsite storage of the same.

X. Cash Management Policy

1. Receipts

- a. All aspects of cash receipts shall be subject to proper internal controls with standard controls documented and followed by revenue generating departments.
- b. The Town Manager shall prescribe internal control procedures for departments which address adequate segregation of duties, physical security, daily processing and reconciliation, use of automated resources, and treatment of overpayments.
- c. Cash receipts will be collected as expediently as reasonably possible to provide secure handling of incoming cash and to move these moneys into interest bearing accounts and investments.
- d. All incoming funds will be deposited daily as required by State law.
- e. The Finance Officer is responsible for conducting at least two unannounced random or risk based internal audits of cash receipting locations per fiscal year.
- f. Upon any suspicion of fraud, the department head shall timely notify the Town Manager for further investigation.
- g. Upon any suspicion of non-compliance with internal control directives, the department head shall timely notify the Town Manager for further investigation.

h. The Town reserves the right to refuse acceptance of more than \$5.00 in coins, damaged currency, suspicious currency or any check for the transaction of business. (added 7-13-2017)

2. Cash Disbursements

- a. The Town's objective is to retain monies for investment for the longest appropriate period of time.
- b. Disbursements will be made timely in advance of or on the agreed-upon contractual date of payment unless earlier payment provides greater economic benefit to the Town.
- c. Inventories and supplies will be maintained at minimally appropriate levels for operations in order to increase cash availability for investments purposes.
- d. Dual signatures are required for Town checks. Electronic signature of checks, drafts and purchase orders, while technically possible, is not deemed appropriate at this time. The Council may provide by appropriate resolution or ordinance for the use of a signature stamp or similar device in signing checks and drafts and in signing the preaudit certificate on contracts or purchase orders. The Council shall charge the Finance Officer with the custody of the stamp or device, and the Finance Officer and sureties on his official bond are liable for any illegal, improper, or unauthorized use.
- e. Electronic payments shall be utilized to the fullest extent possible where it is determined to be cost effective by the Finance Administrator. Such payments shall be integrated with financial systems and shall follow the proper data and internal controls in accordance with the NC Administrative Code 20 NCAC 03.0410.

XI. Investment Policy

- 1. Policy It is the policy of the Town to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow requirements of the Town and conforming to all State statutes governing the investment of idle funds.
- 2. Scope This investment policy applies to all financial assets of the Town except authorized petty cash, and debt proceeds, which are accounted for and invested separately from pooled cash. The Town pools the cash resources of its various funds and participating component units into a single pool, as deemed appropriate, in order to maximize investment opportunities and returns. Each fund's and participating component unit's portion of total cash and investments is tracked by the financial accounting system.

3. Prudence

a. The standard of prudence to be used by authorized staff shall be the "prudent person" standard and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall

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portfolio. Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence would exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

- b. Authorized staff acting in accordance with procedures and this investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion to the Council and the liquidity and the sale of securities are carried out in accordance with the terms of this policy.
- 4. Authorized Staff G.S. 159-25(a) 6 delegates management responsibility for the investment program to the Finance Officer. The Finance Officer will establish and maintain procedures for the operation of the investment program that are consistent with this policy. Such procedures will include delegation of authority to persons responsible for investment transactions. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and the procedures established by the Finance Officer.

The Finance Officer will be responsible for all transactions undertaken and will establish and maintain a system of controls to regulate the activities of subordinates. In the absence of the Finance Officer and those to which he or she has delegated investment authority, the Town Manager or his or her designee is authorized to execute investment activities.

- 5. Objectives The Town's objectives in managing the investment portfolio, in order of priority, are safety, liquidity, and yield.
 - Safety Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. To best mitigate against credit risk (the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer) diversification is required. To best mitigate against interest rate risk (the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the market value of a security and that the security will have to be liquidated and the loss realized) the second objective, adequate liquidity, must be met.
 - Liquidity The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating and debt service cash requirements that may be reasonably anticipated. The portfolio will be structured so that securities mature concurrent with cash needs (static liquidity), with securities with an active secondary market (dynamic liquidity), and with deposits and investments in highly liquid money market and mutual fund accounts.
 - Yield The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary, economic and interest rate cycles, taking into account investment risk constraints and liquidity needs.
- 6. Ethics and Conflicts of Interest Officers and employees involved in the investment process shall refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with the proper execution

and management of the investment program, or that could impair their ability to make impartial decisions. Employees and investment officials shall disclose to the Town Manager any interests in financial institutions with which they conduct business material to them. They shall further disclose any personal financial or investment positions that could be related to the performance of the investment portfolio. Employees and officers shall refrain from undertaking personal investment transactions with the same individuals with whom business is conducted on behalf of the Town.

7. Authorized Financial Dealers and Financial Institutions

- a. The Finance Officer will maintain a list of financial institutions that are authorized to provide investment services. Authorized financial institutions will be selected by credit worthiness and must maintain an office in the State of North Carolina. These may include "primary" dealers or regional dealers that qualify under SEC Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule).
- b. Any financial institutions and broker dealers that desire to become qualified to conduct investment transactions with the Town must supply the Finance Officer with the following:
 - Audited financial statements;
 - Proof of National Association of Securities Dealers certification;
 - Proof of State registration; and
 - ° Certification of having read the Town's investment policy.
- c. Any previously qualified financial institution that fails to comply or is unable to comply with the above items upon request will be removed from the list of qualified financial institutions.
- d. The Finance Officer shall have discretion in determining the number of authorized financial institutions and may limit that number based upon the practicality of efficiently conducting the investment program. The Finance Officer shall also have the discretion to add or remove authorized financial institutions based upon potential or past performance.
- 8. Internal Control The Town Manager is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. The internal control structure shall be designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the valuation of costs and benefits requires the use of estimates and judgments by management.
- 9. Collateralization Collateralization is required for certificates of deposit. North Carolina General Statutes allow the State Treasurer and the Local Government Commission to prescribe rules to regulate the collateralization of public deposits in North Carolina banks. These rules are codified in the North Carolina Administrative Code Title 20, Chapter 7 (20 NCAC 7). The Pooling Method of collateralization under 20 NCAC 7 allows depositories to use an escrow account established with the State Treasurer to secure the deposits of all

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units of local government. This method transfers the responsibility for monitoring each bank's collateralization and financial condition from the Town to the State Treasurer. The Town will only maintain deposits with institutions using the Pooling Method of collateralization.

- 10. Delivery and Custody All investment security transactions entered into by the Town shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis. Securities will be held by a third party custodian designated by the Finance Officer and each transaction will be evidenced by safekeeping receipts and tickets.
- 11. Authorized Investments The Town is empowered by North Carolina G.S. 159-30(c) to invest in certain types of investments. The Town Council approves the use of the following investment types, the list of which is more restrictive than G.S. 159-30(c):
 - a. Obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States.
 - b. Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the United States Postal Service.
 - Obligations of the State of North Carolina.
 - Bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority that are rated "AA" or better by at least two of the nationally recognized ratings services or that carries any "AAA insured" rating.
 - Fully collateralized deposits at interest or certificates of deposit with any bank, savings and loan association or trust company that utilizes the Pooling Method of collateralization (section VIII.I).
 - Prime quality commercial paper bearing the highest rating of at least one nationally recognized rating service, which rates the particular obligation.
 - Banker's acceptance of a commercial bank or its holding company provided that the bank or its holding company is either (i) incorporated in the State of North Carolina or (ii) has outstanding publicly held obligations bearing the highest rating of at least one nationally recognized rating service and not bearing a rating below the highest by any nationally recognized rating service which rates the particular obligations.
 - h. Participating shares in a mutual fund for local government investment, provided that the investments of the fund are limited to those qualifying for investment under G.S. 150-30(c) and that said fund is certified by the LGC. (The only such certified fund is the North Carolina Capital Management Trust.)

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- i. Evidences of ownership of, or fractional undivided interest in, future interest and principal payments on either direct obligations of the United States government or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are guaranteed by the United States, which obligations are held by a bank or trust company organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state in the capacity of custodian (STRIPS).
- j. Guaranteed investment contracts utilizing repurchase agreements but only for the investment of debt proceeds which are to be collateralized at 105% and marked to market on a daily basis.

12. Prohibited Forms of Authorized Investments

- a. The use of repurchase agreements in the normal investment portfolio (not debt proceeds) is prohibited.
- b. The use of collateralized mortgage obligations is prohibited.
- c. The use of any type of securities lending practices is prohibited.
- 13. Diversification Investments will be diversified by security type and by institution.
 - a. With the exception of United States treasury securities and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust, no more than 30% of the Town's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution.
 - b. The total investment in certificates of deposit shall not exceed 25% of the Town's total investment portfolio and the investment in certificates of deposit with a single financial institution shall not exceed FDIC insurance limitations.
 - c. The Finance Officer is responsible for monitoring compliance with the above restrictions. If a violation occurs, the Finance Officer shall report such to the Town Manager and to the Council along with a plan to address the violation.
- 14. Maximum Maturities To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. Beyond identified cash flow needs, investments will be purchased so that maturities are staggered. The following maturity limits are set for the Town's investment portfolio:
 - a. At least 60% of the investment portfolio will have maturities of no more than 3 years from the date of purchase.
 - b. At least 80% of the investment portfolio will have maturities of no more than 5 years from the date of purchase.
 - c. At least 95% of the investment portfolio will have maturities of no more than 10 years from the date of purchase.

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- d. No investments maturing more than 15 years from the date of purchase may be purchased.
- e. For purposes of this section, for any variable rate demand obligation, the purchase date is considered to be the last reset and remarketing date and the maturity date is considered to be the next reset and remarketing date.
- f. If any change is made to the Town's policy for unassigned fund balance in the General Fund then other sections of this policy must be concurrently revised.
- 15. Selection of Securities The Finance Officer or his or her designee will determine which investments shall be purchased and sold and the desired maturity date(s) that are in the best interest of the Town. The selection of an investment will involve the evaluation of, but not limited to, the following factors: cash flow projections and requirements; current market conditions; and overall portfolio balance and makeup.
- 16. Responses to Changes in Short Term Interest Rates
 - a. The Town will seek to employ the best and most appropriate strategy to respond to a declining short-term interest rate environment. The strategy may include, but does not have to be limited to, purchases of callable "cushion" bonds, lengthening of maturities in the portfolio, and increases in the percentage of ownership of treasury notes relative to that of treasury bills.
 - b. The Town will seek to employ the best and most appropriate strategy to respond to an increasing short-term interest rate environment. That strategy may include, but does not have to be limited to, purchases of "step-up" securities, shortening of maturities in the portfolio, the use of floating rate investments, and increases in the percentage of ownership of treasury bills relative to that of treasury notes.
- 17. Performance Standards The investment portfolio will be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy. The investment portfolio will strive to obtain a market average rate of return within the constraints of the Town's investment risk profile and cash flow needs. The performance benchmarks for the performance of the portfolio will be rates of return on 90-day commercial paper and on three-year treasury notes.
- 18. Active Trading of Securities -It is the Town's intent, at the time of purchase, to hold all investments until maturity to ensure the return of all invested principal. However, if economic or market conditions change making it in the Town's best interest to sell or to trade a security before maturity, that action may be taken.
- 19. Pooled Cash and Allocation of Interest Income All moneys earned and collected from investments other than bond proceeds will be allocated monthly to the various participating funds and component units based upon the average cash balance of each fund and component unit as a percentage of the total pooled portfolio. Earnings on bond proceeds will be directly credited to the same proceeds.

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- 20. Marking to Market A report of the market value of the portfolio will be generated at least semi-annually by the Finance Administrator. The Finance Officer will use the reports to review the investment portfolio in terms of value and price volatility, as well as for compliance with GASB Statement #31.
- 21. Software The Town recognizes the significance of the size of its investment portfolio and of the requirements contained in this policy. The Town will utilize investment software which enables efficient transaction processing and recording, sufficient portfolio monitoring and the ability to maintain reporting compliance with this policy.
- 22. Reporting The Finance Administrator will prepare a quarterly investment report that will be submitted with the Board's monthly report package.
 - a. The quarterly investment report will include a listing of all investments and will show the investment number, the investment description, the purchase, call and maturity dates, the yields to call and to maturity, the weighted average yields to call and to maturity by investment type and in total, the coupon rate, the par value and the ending amortized value. The report will also include earnings information for the last twelve months with that information compared to the established benchmarks.
 - b. The quarterly investment report will include reporting on the status of diversification compliance.

23. Policy Considerations

a. A maturity or diversification violation created by fluctuations in the size of the portfolio does not require corrective action. The violation may be cured through an increase in the portfolio size or the maturity of an investment.

· XII. Review and Revision

The Town will formally review this set of financial and budgetary policies at least once every three years.

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Glossary

ACFR: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

This report moves one-step beyond the typical "audit report" and includes all the information from an audit, plus additional statistical and general information about the unit.

CIF: Capital Improvement Fund

As fee is paid for all new connections to the water and sewer systems that goes directly into separate capital improvement funds. These funds, by resolution of the Town Council, are only for projects related to system expansion or the retirement of debt. The water CIF is also funded by the annual hydrant fee paid by owners of developed lots that are not connected to the water system.

CIP: Capital Improvement Plan

The purpose of the capital improvement plan (CIP) is to forecast and match projected revenues and major capital needs over a five-year period. Generally defined, CIP capital expenditures are any expenditure of major value that recurs irregularly, results in the acquisition (or significant modification) of a fixed asset, and has a useful life greater than one (1) year.

GAAP: Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

This is a standard related to how financial statements are prepared and included conventions and rules that accountants use in the preparation and interpretation of these statements.

FDIC: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) is an independent agency created by the Congress to maintain stability and public confidence in the nation's financial system by: insuring deposits, examining and supervising financial institutions for safety and soundness and consumer protection, and managing receiverships.

Fund Balance: Fund Balance is, simply explained, the amount of assets in excess of liabilities in a given fund.

Adopted: July 16, 2009 Updated: July 1, 2013 Updated: May 19, 2016

Amended: July 13, 2017 (Section X)

Amended: May 17, 2018 {Various changes to comply with electronic pre-audit changes in purchasing

policy: Section V(2), X(2)(e) and IV(1) and to change language from unrestricted to unassigned,

reference fund balance}

Amended: May 20, 2021 Section VII 2 (a), Section V 2 and 3 and changes to add AFCR.